



Edmonton Flying Club PA44 Seminole Open Book Exam

Na	me:	
1.	General/Practical Application	
	Pre-flight Inspection Location & number of fuel drains Purpose of checking fuel Tightness of oil dipstick(s) Tire pressure(s) Location of VHF radio antenna Location of OAT Sensor	
	If co-pilot experiences brake failure	, what happens to pilot`s braking ability?
	How is the mixture regulated by the	e pilot to achieve the best fuel to air ratio?
	When inbound to CPL6 from north aerodrome traffic?	of the field, when must you make radio contact with
	scheduled for its 50-hour inspection the additional 10 hours. The journe	light to CER3 and back you notice that the aircraft is in the next day and has already been signed off for y log shows that you have 1.5 hours remaining from the aircraft flying? Should you fly your intended
2.	Limitations	
	2.1. List the following airspeeds and de	finition of each:
	V_{NE}	V_LE
	V_{NO}	V_{LO}
	$V_{O(A)}$	V_{MCA}
	V_FE	V_{YSE}
	Vs	V_{XSE}
	V_{SO}	V_{SSE}
	V_R	
	Vx	

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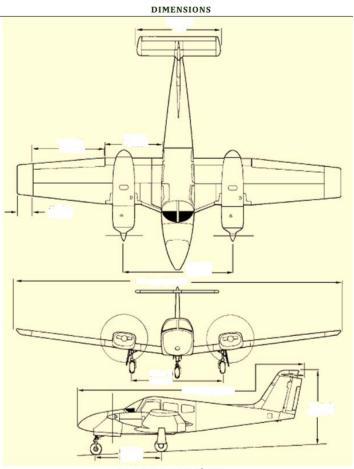
	2.2. List the following weights: a. Basic empty weight b. Maximum takeoff weight c. Useful load d. Maximum baggage weight e. Maximum zero fuel weight	
2.3.	2.3. What is the appropriate fuel grade and colour?	
2.4.	2.4. What is the minimum and maximum oil quantity for this aircra use? What is EFC's Minimum?	ft and what type do we
	2.5. Center of Gravity Range a. Forward b. Rear	
	2.6. Electrical System What is the Battery Voltage(s)?	
	How do the alternator(s) operate?	
2.7.	2.7. What is the Maximum demonstrated x-wind component for th personal limit?	iis aircraft? What is your
2.8.	2.8. If you are departing runway 26 and the winds are reported on are you within the demonstrated limits of this aircraft?	the METAR as 20020KT
2.9.	2.9. Explain what is meant by V_{LO} and how it applies to how you op different from V_{LE} ?	erate the gear? How is i
2.10	2.10. How does V_{FE} apply to this aircraft? Are there different retracting? Are there different speeds for various flap settings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.12	2.11. What would occur on the G1000 as you approach 111kt extended? What if you go over 111kts? How would you procee	

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at the airport?



2.12. Fill in the missing dimensions.



Minimum turning radius –

3. Aircraft Performance

Calculate fuel flow and T.	AS	
Altitude 4000ASL		
Altimeter 29.30 " Hg	GPH	(x2)
2400 RPM	TAS	
Temp +11C		

Calculate the Take-off Distance over a 50FT Obstacle, Short Field Effort
Temp 20C
Pressure alt. 4000ft
Weight 3200lbs
Wind 030 at 10T
Runway 08, hard surface
Take off distance to clear a 50 ft Obstacle



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Temp 30C			
Pressure Altitude 2000FT			
Wind 010 at 20T			
Weight 300LBS			
Rate of Climb- Feet/Minute			
Complete the following Wei			
<u>Item</u>	Weight	Arm	Moment
Aircraft	2660LBS	86.8	
Pilot & Front Passenger	395LBS		
Rear Passenger	165LBS		
Baggage	80LBS		
Fuel (35gallons per tank)			
Total			<u> </u>
What is the location of the C	enter of Gravity?	?	
Are we within the limits of th	nis aircraft? If no	t, what could be done	e?
What weight, at takeoff, will and a Pressure Altitude of 40 What will be the Single-Engil	000 feet		
Calculate the Accelerate Stor Temp -20C Pressure alt. 2500ft Weight 3400 lbs Wind 070 at 20T Runway 08, hard surface Total Accelerate Stop Distan			
Calculate the Landing Distant Temp 20C Pressure alt. 4000ft Weight 3200lbs Wind 060 at 20T Runway 08, hard surface Total landing distance Emergency Procedures			conditions:

Calculate the Climb Performance, One Engine Operating, Gear Up





In the event the aircraft gets below the V _{MCA} speed what is the correct recovery procedure?
You have been cleared into CZVL airspace and cleared to join the left base for runway 16 from the Big Lake area. As you get closer in, you notice that no radio calls have gone through since your last call. Prior to descending to circuit altitude, you notice another aircraft that appears to be joining the left downwind runway 16 and is within 2 miles of you at the same altitude. You make a radio call and turn onto a wide left base. There is no response. What do you do?
Just after leveling off you notice that your oil temperature gauge is no longer indicating any pressure, but your oil pressure appears to be fine and the engine is running smoothly. The temperature is +10C, dew point +08C, and the aircraft just came back from its 100-hour inspection. What could be wrong with the aircraft and how would you handle the situation?





	The aircraft has just come back from its routine 50-hour inspection and you are taking up for an IFR training flight. As you attempt to start the aircraft the engine backfires a few times and will not turn over. You let the starter cool down for 30 seconds and decide to try one more time. As you turn the key you notice smoke coming from the cowling. How do you handle the situation?
	Under what flight conditions is V _{MCA} calculated?
	What is meant by a critical engine? Does the PA44 have one? Why or why not?
	Under what flight conditions/characteristics would V_{MCA} be at its lowest (best case scenario for the lowest V_{MCA} possible?)
Em	nergencies and System Failures (G1000)
	If any single display fails, which mode does the system automatically change to?
	What is an AHRS failure and how would you know it has occurred?



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What information is lost during an AHRS failure?
In the event of an AHRS and/or ADC failure, what action should be taken?
What information is presented to the pilot when the system is in revisionary mode
In the event of an alternator failure, how are the electrical systems affected?
During startup after turning the standby battery on, you notice some red X's on ar engine gauge. How do you proceed?
What is the GMU magnetometer? What is affected if this fails?